STATE TALENT SEARCH EXAMINATION-2019-20, RAJASTHAN

SCHOLASTIC APTITUTE TEST (SAT) PAPER

1. Unit of force is

(1) newton

(2) dyne

(3) kilogram-mitre/ second 2

(4) all of these

Sol. (1)

2. if work, force and time are represented by x, y and z respectively, then the term $(\frac{x}{yz^2})$ will represent

(1) displacement

(2) velocity

(3) acceleration

(4) momentum.

Sol. (3). $\frac{x}{vz^2} = \frac{w}{Ft^2} = \frac{s}{t^2}$ acceleration

3. An objective of mass 100gm is moving with an acceleration of 10 m/s².

force acting on the object will be

(1) 1000 N

(2) 100 N

(3) 1 N

(4) 0.1 N

Sol. (3) F = ma

 $F = (.1 \text{ kg}) \times 10 = 1 \text{N}$

4 Value of universal gravitational constant (G) is

 $(1) 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

(2) $6.67 \times 10^{11} \text{ N-m}^2/\text{kg}^2$

(3) $6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N-m}^2/\text{kg}$

 $(4) 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N-m}^2/\text{kg}^2$

Sol. (4)

5. Weight of a body of mass 10 kg will be

(1) 9.8 N

(2) 10 N

(3)98 N

(4) 980 N.

Sol. (3) $W = mg = 10 \times 9.8 = 93N$

A body is thrown vertically upward with velocity 9.8 m/s . time taken by the body to reach at maximum height is

(1) 1 s

(2) 9.8 s

(3) 19.6 s

(4) 28 s.



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 $0 = -9.8 + 9.8 + \{ \text{ at maximum height} \}$

t = 1 sec.

7 The rate of change of momentum of a body is equal to

- (1) force applied on the body
- (2) pressure on the body

(3) work done by the body

(4) acceleration in the body

Sol. (1)

8 The wave having compression and rarefaction is known as

(1) transverse were

(2) longitudinal wave

(3) light wave

(4) ultraviolet rays.

Sol. (2)

9 A particle of mass 10 gm is moving with velocity 5 m/s, collides with a stationary of equal mass particle with an elastic collision. After collision velocity of the first particle will be

- (1) 10 m/s
- (2) 5 m/s
- (3) 0 (zero)
- (4) -5 m/s.

Sol. (3)By conservation of momentum

 $mu = mv_1 + mv_2$

 $U = V_1 + V_2$

Velocity of approach = Velocity of Seperation

$$u - o = v_2 - v_1$$
 -----2

by solving it $v_1 = 0$

10 The frequency of a sound source is 100 Hz. In four second number of vibrations will be

- (1)800
- (2)400
- (3) 100
- (4)25

Sol. (2)

The relation between velocity (v), frequency (n') and wavelength (λ) of a wave is 11

- (1) $n = v\lambda$
- $(2) \lambda = vn \qquad (3) v = n\lambda$
- (4) $n = \frac{1}{v\lambda}$

Sol. (3)

12 Normally at $0^{\circ}C$ temperature the speed of sound in air is

(1). 330 m/s

(2) 9.8 m/s

(3) 6420 m/s

 $(4) 3x 10^8 \text{ m/s}$

Sol. (1)

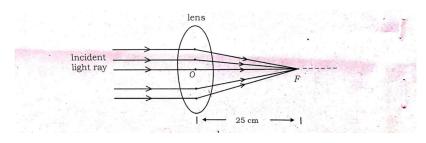


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In dioptre, power of lens in the given ray diagram will be



(1) 25

(2) $\frac{1}{25}$

(3) 5 cm

(4) $\frac{1}{4}$

Sol. (3)
$$P = \frac{100}{f(cm)} = \frac{100}{25} = +4D$$

- 14 Radius of curvature of a concave mirror of focal length 10 cm whose aperture is small, is
 - (1) 20 cm

(2) 10 cm

(3) 5 cm

- (4) 1 cm
- Sol. (1) $R = 2f = 2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ cm}$
- 15 Mirror formula is
 - (1) f = u + v
- (2) $f = \frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v}$
- (3) $f = \frac{u + v}{uv}$
- (4) $\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v}$

- Sol. (4)
- 16 Unit of specific resistance (resistivity) of the conducting material is
 - (1) ohm

(2) ohm x metre

- (3) ohm / metre
- (4) ohm x metre ²

- Sol. (2)
- When an electric bulb is connected to a source of 220 V then current flowing through it is 0.5 A. Power of the bulb is
 - (1) 110 watt
- (2) 220 watt
- (3) 440 watt
- (4) 880 watt.

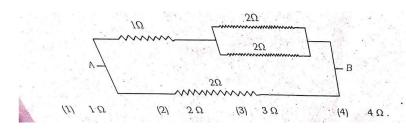
Sol. (1) $V = VI = 220 \times 0.5 = 110 \text{ W}$

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18 Equivalent resistance between points A and B in the following circuit is



(1) 1 Ω

- $(2) 2\Omega$
- (3) 3 Ω

(4) 4 Ω

- Sol. (1)
- 19 Heat generated when current flows through a resistance wire will be
 - (1) $H \propto I, H \propto R, H \propto t$
- (2) $H \propto I$, $H \propto R^2$, $H \propto t$
- (3) $H \propto I^2$, $H \propto R$, $H \propto t$
- (4) $H \propto I^2$, $H \propto R^2$, $H \propto t$
- (3) $I = \frac{q}{t} = \frac{120C}{2x60 \sec} = 1A$ Sol.
- 20 If 120 coulomb charge flows through an electric circuit in 2 minutes then current in circuit will be
 - $(1) \frac{1}{60} A$
- (2) 1 A
- (3) 2 A
- (4) 60 A

- Sol. (2)
- Value of 1 kilowatt hour (1 kWh) in joule is 21
 - (1) 36×10^7 joule
- (2) 36×10^5 joule (3) 6.67×10^{11} joule
- (4) 3×10^8 joule

- Sol. (2)
- 22 When the angle between force and displacement is 0 then formula of work is
 - (1) $W = f \sin \theta$

- (2) $W = \frac{fs}{\sin \theta}$ (3) $W = fs \cos \theta$ (4) $W = \frac{fs}{\cos \theta}$

- Sol. (3)
- 23 In the diagram value of potential energy of the body is
 - (1) 0.98 joule

(2) 9.8 joule

(3) 980 joule

(4) 98000 joule

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$$= 0.1 \times 9.8 \times 1$$

= 0.98 Joule

- Spring constant of a spring is $K = 6 \times 10^3 \text{ N/m}$. Work done to stretch it by 10^{-2} m from mean position is
 - (1) 30 joule

(2) 3 joule

(3) 0.3 joule

(4) 0.03 joule

$$W = \frac{1}{2}kx^{2}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 10^{3} \times (10^{-2})^{2}$$

$$=3\times10^3\times10^{-4}$$

- 25 Value of one horsepower is
 - (1) 3600 watt

(2) 1000 watt

(3) 746 watt

(4) .220 watt

- Sol. (3)
- The name of fifth state of matter is
 - (1) Plasma

(2) Boson

(3) Fermion

(4) Bose – Einstein condensate.

- Sol. (4)
- 27 The first artificial satellite launched by India is
 - (1) Appollo

(2) Bhaskara

(3) Aryabhatta

(4) Rohini

Sol. (3)

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Monatomic molecule among the following is

(1) Oxygen

(2) Nitrogen

(3) Argon

(4) Hydrogen

Sol. (3) Argon is noble gas, exists in atomic form.

29. Physical change among the following is:

- (1) $C(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow CO_2(g)$ (2) $CaCO_3(s) \rightarrow CaO(s) + CO_2(g)$
- (3) $H_2(g) + I_2(g) \rightarrow 2HI(g)$ (4) $H_2O(s) \rightarrow H_2O(l)$

Sol. (4)

Conversion of state is physical charnge

30. The process of formation of solid crystal from a saturated solution is called:

(1) distillation

(2) sublimation

(3) crystallisation

(4) filtration

Sol. (3)

31. Maximum number of electrons present in M-shell of an atom is:

(1) 8

(2) 18

(3) 32

(4)50

Sol. (2)

> $=2n^2$ No. of Maximum e

$$=2(3)^2=18$$

32. Which of the following pairs is not an example of isotopes?

(1) $_{18}^{40}$ Arand $_{20}^{40}$ Ca

(2) $_{17}^{35}Cland_{17}^{37}Cl$

(3) ${}_{6}^{12}Cand {}_{6}^{14}C$

(4) ¹⁶₈Oand ¹⁸₈O

Sol. (1)

Isotopes are atoms of same element having different mass number.

33. Number of molecules present in 0.36 g of water is

(1) 12.044 X 10²⁰

(2) 12.044 X 10²¹

(3) 12.044 X 10²³

(4) 12.044 X 10 ²⁵



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No. of moles of water =

Given mass/ molar mass

$$=\frac{0.36}{18}=0.02$$

No of molecules=

No. of moles x NA

- $0.02 \times 6.022 \times 10^{23}$
- 12.044 x 10²¹ molecules

The numbers of protons and neutrons in $^{235}_{92}U$ are respectively 34.

(1) 92, 235

(2) 92, 143

(3) 143, 90

(4) 235, 92

Sol. (2)

No. of neutrons =

$$A - Z = 235-92 = 143$$

No. of protons

35. The element exhibiting variable valency is:

(1) Mg

(2) K

(3) Ca

(4) Cu

Sol. (4)

Cu shows valencies Cu⁺ & Cu²⁺

36. The molecular formula of aluminium sulphate among the following is:

(1) AISO₄

(2) Al₂SO₄

(3) $AL_2(SO_4)_3$

(4) AI (SO₄)₃

Sol. (3)

AI3+



 $AI_2(SO_4)_3$

37. Molecule having triple bond among the following is:

2

(1) Cl₂

(2) O_2

(3) N_2

(4) O_3



3

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Sol. (3)

N=N

38. The chemical formula of bleaching powder is

(1) CaOCI

(2) CaOCI₂

(3) CaO

(4) CaCl₂

Sol. (2)

39. Lewis acid among the following is:

(1) H₂O

(2) NH₃

(3) OH

(4) AICL₃

Sol. (4)

Lewis acid is electron acceptor. AICI3 is electron deficient molecule.

40. The 'King of Acids' among the following is

(1) HCI

(2) HNO₃

(3) H₂SO₄

(4) CH₃COOH

Sol. (3)

41. Example of homogeneous catalysis among the following is;

(1)
$$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) - 2NH_3(g)$$

(2) Vegetable oil (I) + H_2 (g) ------ Vegetable ghee (I)

(3)
$$2SO_2(g) + O_2(g) - - 2SO_3(g)$$

(4)
$$CH_2 = CH_2(g) + H_2(g) - CH_3 - CH_3(g)$$

Sol. (3) When catalyst & reactants are present in same physical state, it is called homogeneous catalyst.

42. The name of product [X] in the following reaction is :

(1) Carbon monoxide

(2) Carbon dioxide

(3) Phosgene

(4) Phosphine

Sol. (3)

2CHCl3 + O2 sunlight 2

2 COCl₂

+ 2HCL

Phosgene



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43.	The pH of the solution of the :	btained by talking equal mole of reactants in the following reaction will
	HCL + NaOH	NaCl + 2H ₂ O
	(1) 7.0	(2) Above 7.0
	(3) Below 2.0	(4) Zero.
Sol.	(1)	
	NaC I is salt of strong a	cid & strong base
	pH of salt solut	on is 7
44.	Transuranic element a	nong the following is:
	(1) Ac	(2) Pb
	(3) Np	(4) La
Sol.	(3)	
	Np is having at	omic number is 93
	Comes after ur	anium (z = 92)
45.	Element having larges	atomic radius among the following is:
	(1) Li	(2) Na
	(3) Rb	(4) Cs
Sol.	(4)	
	Atomic radius increases	down the group
46.	The groups related to d	block elements is the modern periodic table :
	(1) group 3-12	(2) group 13-18
	(3) group 1-2	(4) group 13-17
Sol.	(1)	
47.	Non-crystalline allotrop	e of carbon is :
	(1) Diamond	(2) Graphite
	(3) Fullerene	(4) Gas carbon
Sol.	(4)	

48. IUPAC name of neopentane is:

(1) 2,3-dimethylpropane

(2) 2,2-dimethylpropane

(3) 2-methylbutane

(4) 2-ethylpropane



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Sol. (2)

2,2- Dimethylpropane

- 49. Natural polymers among the following is:
 - (1) Nylon-6, 6

(2) Terylene

(3) Polythene

(4) Starch

Sol.

- 50. The ratio of numbers of hydrogen atoms in benzene and cyclohexane is:
 - (1) 1:1

(2) 1:2

(3) 2:1

(4) 2:3

Sol. (2)

Benzene is C₆H₆

Cyclohexane is C₆H₁₂

No of H atoms in Benzene No of H atoms in cyclohexane

12

2

51. The water absorbed by roots of the planet is:

1

(1) Hygroscopic water

(2) Capillary water

(3) Gravitational water

(4) All of these

Sol. (2)

- 52. The disease caused by infectious bacteria present in sewage is
 - (1) Malaria

(2) Hydrophobia

(3) Ascariasis

(4) Jaundice

Sol. (4)

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53.	The writer of well known test "Ras Ratna	The writer of well known test "Ras Ratnakar" of Ayurveda is		
	(1) Charak	(2) Sushruta		
	(3) Nagarjuna	(4) Maharshi Patanjali		
Sol.	(3)			
54.	Three nucleated structure is formed by fertilization in embryo sac of floering plant from			
	(1) Antipodal	(2) Egg		
	(3) Synergid	(4) Polar nuclei.		
Sol.	(4)			
55.	Sunderban National Park is situated in			
	(1) Thallophyta	(2) Bryophyta		
	(3) Pteridophyta	(4) Gymnosperm.		
Sol.	(3)			
56.	Sunderban National Park is situated in			
	(1) Rajasthan	(2) West Bengal		
	(3) Assam	(4) Gujarat.		
Sol.	(2)			
57.	Medicine is obtained from which part of	Aloe Vera plant ?		
	(1) Root	(2) Stem		
	(3) Bark	(4) Leaf		
Sol.	(4)			
58.	The most abundant element found on e	earth is		
	(1) Silicon	(2) Gold		
	(3) Iron	(4) Oxygen		
Sol.	(4)			
59.	The total number of biodiversity hotspots in the world is			
	(1) 34	(2) 20		
	(3) 25	(4) 33.		
Sol.	(1)			



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The correct pair of plants having AIDS resistant properties is			
(1) Tulsi, Giloya	(2) Giloya , Mint		
(3) Shatavari , Turmeric	(4) Opium , Arjun.		
(1)			
Example of unicellular organism is			
(1) Salamander	(2) Chlamydomonas		
(3) Ascaris	(4) Hydra.		
(2)			
In Human, the normal resting diastolic pressure	is		
(1) 120 mm/hg	(2) 100 mm/Hg		
(3) 90 mm /Hg	(4) 80 mm/Hg		
(4)			
63. Deficiency of which vitamin may lead to excessive bleeding in case of injur			
(1) Vitamin K	(2) Vitamin A		
(3) Vitamin C	(4) Vitamin D		
(1)			
Open circulatory system is a characteristic feature of which phylum?			
(1) arthropoda	(2) amphibia		
(3) Reptilia	(4) Aves.		
(1)			
The main wild animal in Kailadevi Sanctuary is			
(1) Gharial	(2) Jungle fowl		
(3) Bear	(4) Black Deer		
(3)			
The point of joining of the dendrite of one neuron with the axon of other is called			
(1) Dendron	(2) Axon		
(3) Cell Body	(4) Synapse		
(4)			
	(1) Tulsi, Giloya (3) Shatavari, Turmeric (1) Example of unicellular organism is (1) Salamander (3) Ascaris (2) In Human, the normal resting diastolic pressure (1) 120 mm/hg (3) 90 mm /Hg (4) Deficiency of which vitamin may lead to excessi (1) Vitamin K (3) Vitamin C (1) Open circulatory system is a characteristic featu (1) arthropoda (3) Reptilia (1) The main wild animal in Kailadevi Sanctuary is (1) Gharial (3) Bear (3) The point of joining of the dendrite of one neuro (1) Dendron (3) Cell Body		



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- 67. Genotypic ratio in F_2 generation of monohybrid cross is
 - (1) 1:3

(2) 1:2:1

(3) 3:1

(4) 2:1:1

- Sol. (3)
- 68. The disease caused by deficiency of insulin in blood is
 - (1) Goitre

(2) Diabetes

(3) Tetany

(4) Rickets.

- Sol. (2)
- 69. Mineral essential for strengthening bones and teeth is
 - (1) Sodium

(2) Iron

(3) Potassium

(4) Calcium.

- Sol. (4)
- 70. The excretory waste of reptiles is
 - (1) Uric acid
- (2) Urea
- (3) Hydrochloric acid
- (4) Ammonia

- Sol. (1)
- 71. What will be the cube root of perfect cube number 105823817?
 - (1)463
- (2)473
- (3)483
- (4)493

- Sol. (2) 473
- 72. If α and β are the zeroes of quadratic polynomial $x^2 + px + q$ then what will be the value of $\alpha \beta$?
 - (1) $\sqrt{q^2 4P}$
- (2) p q
- (3) q p
- (4) $\sqrt{p^2 4q}$

- Sol 72
- $(4) \sqrt{p^2 4q}$

$$(\alpha + \beta)^2 = \alpha^2 + \beta^2 + 2\alpha\beta$$

$$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = p^2 - 2q$$

$$\alpha - \beta = \sqrt{p^2 - 4q}$$



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- If a polynomial $f(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 10x + b$, where b is constant, is divided by x+2 then remainder is -73. 55. What will be the value of b?
 - (1) 10
- (2) -10
- (3) -3
- (4) 3

Sol 73

- (3) -3
- $f(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 10x + b$

given, f(-2) = -55

(Remainder theorem)

$$(-8) - 6(4)-20 + b = -55$$

$$-52 + b = -55$$

$$b = -3$$

- 74. If $\sqrt{1+\frac{22}{144}}=(1+\frac{x}{12})$, then what will be the value of x?
 - (1) 1
- (2)5
- (3) 13
- (4) $\frac{1}{5}$

- Sol 74 (1)
- $\sqrt{\frac{169}{144}} = 1 + \frac{x}{12} = \frac{13}{12} 1 = \frac{x}{12}$

$$=\frac{1}{12} = \frac{x}{12}$$

$$= x = 1$$

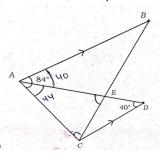
- If n is an even natural number then the product n (n + 1) (n + 2) will be divisible by 75.
 - (1)24
- (2) 15
- (3)7

(4) 0

- Sol 75. (1)
- for n(n+1) (n+2)

put
$$n = 2$$

In the given figure, if AC = AE, AB is parallel to CD, $\angle BAC = 84^{\circ}$, $\angle ADC = 40^{\circ}$, the value of 76.



 $\angle AEC$ is equal to

- (1) 42°
- (2) 40°
- $(3) 68^{\circ}$
- (4) 58°

Sol 76.

 $(3)68^{\circ}$

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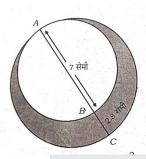
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- 77. In the given figure, two circles are shown with diameters AB and AC, where the AB = 7 cm and 2.8 cm. Which one out of the given options represents the area of shaded region?
 - (1) $\pi(4.9-3.5)^2$
- (2) $\pi(4.9^2 3.5^2)$ (3) $\pi(7^2 2.8^2)$ (4) $\pi(9.8^2 7^2)$



Sol 77.

 $\pi[(4.9)^2-(3.5)^2]$ (2)

$$\frac{AC}{2} = \frac{9.8}{2} = 4.9$$

Area of Bigger Circle = $\pi(4.9)^2$

$$\frac{AB}{2} = \frac{7}{2} = 3.5$$

Area of smaller Circle = $\pi(3.5)^2$

Area of should region = $\pi(4.9^2 - 3.5)^2$)

- 78. If equations 2x + 3y = 13 and 4x-ky = 4 are representing two parallel lines then what will be the of k?
 - (1) 8

- (2) -8
- (3)6

(4) -6

- Sol. 78
- (4) -6
- 2x + 3y = 13

$$4x - ky = 4$$

for 11el lines,

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{-k} \neq \frac{13}{4}$$

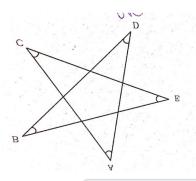
$$k = -6$$

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79. In the given diagram, what will be the sum of $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D + \angle E$?



- $(1) 150^{\circ}$
- (2) 180°
- (3) 270°
- (4) 360°

Sol 79

- (2) 180°
- 80. If $\sec \theta + \tan \theta = p$, then the value of $\sec \theta$ is
 - (1) $\frac{2P}{p^2+1}$ (2) $\frac{1}{p}$

Sol 80

- (3) $\sec \theta = \frac{p^2 + 1}{2P}$ $\sec \theta + \tan \theta = P$

 $\sec 2\theta - \tan 2\theta = 1$ then

$$\sec \theta - \tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sec \theta + \tan \theta} = -\frac{1}{\sec \theta + \tan \theta}$$

$$\sec\theta + \tan\theta = p$$

$$\sec \theta - \tan \theta = p \qquad \qquad \sec \theta = \frac{p^2 + 1}{2p}$$

$$\sec \theta = p = \frac{1}{p}$$

- 81. In a group of cows and buffaloes, the number of cows are double than the number of buffaloes. 10 more cows and 10 more buffaloes came and mixed with the group. How does this affect the probability of selecting a cow at random from the group newly formed?
 - (1) Probability will increase

(2) Probability will not change

(3) Probability will decrease

(4) None of these

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Sol. 81 (3) No. of Buffaloes = x = Let 10

No. of cows =
$$2x = 20$$

P (C) =
$$\frac{2x}{3x} = \frac{2}{3} = \frac{20}{30} = 0.667$$

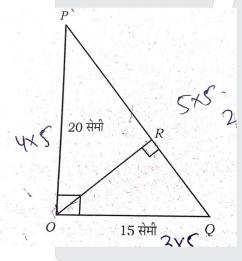
then No. of cows =
$$2x + 10 = 20 + 10$$

No. of buffalous =
$$x + 10$$

$$= \frac{2x+10}{3x+20} = \frac{30}{50} = \frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

$$= \frac{15 \times 20}{25} = 12 \, \mathrm{cm}$$

82. In the given figure, ΔPOQ is a right angled triangle in which $\angle POQ = 90^{\circ}$, OR is perpendicular to PQ. If OP= 20 cm, OQ = 15 cm, then the length of OR will he



- (1) 12 cm
- (2) 12.5 cm
- (3) 15 cm
- (4) 10 cm

- Sol (1) 12 cm
- 83. If the length of a rectangle is increased by 50%, by what percentage would the width have to be decreased so that the area of rectangle does not change?
 - (1) 37.5%
- (2) 60%
- (3) 50%
- (4) $33\frac{1}{3}\%$

Sol. 83 (4) $33\frac{1}{3}\%$

$$I \qquad A = I \times b$$

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II Newl =
$$1.5l \times b$$

$$lb = 1.5l \times b_1$$

$$b_1 = \frac{b}{1.5}$$

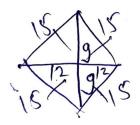
$$\frac{b - \frac{b}{1.5}}{b} \times 1w$$

$$= \frac{1.5b - b}{15 \times b} \times 100 \frac{15b}{15b} = \frac{1}{3} \times 100 = 33\frac{1}{3}\%$$

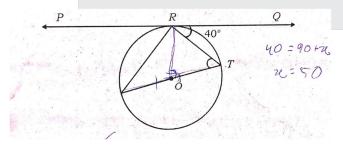
- 84. If the lengths of diagonals of a rhombus are 18 cm and 24 cm, then the perimeter of rhombus is
 - (1) 45 cm
- (2) 42 cm
- (3) 60 cm
- (4) 70 cm

Sol 84 (3)

$$p = 15 \times 4 = 60 \text{ cm}$$



85. In the given figure, PQ is a tangent of a circle whose Centre is O which touches the circle at point R. If $\angle TRQ = 40^{\circ}$, then the measure of $\angle RTO$ will be of



- (1) 40°
- (2) 50°
- (3) 30°
- (4) 60°

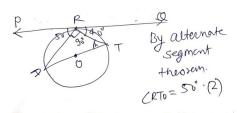
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Sol 85.

(C) By alternate segment therem (RTo = 50°)



- 86. If $\sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta = 1$, then what will be the value of $\cos^8 \theta + 2\cos^6 \theta + \cos^4 \theta$?
 - (1) 0

- (2) -1
- (3) 1

(4) 2

Sol 86.

(3)
$$Sin\theta = 1 - \sin^2 \theta = \cos \theta$$

$$\cos\theta + 2\cos^6\theta + \cos^4\theta$$

$$(\cos^4\theta + \cos^2\theta)^2$$

$$=(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta)^2 = 1^2 = 1$$

- Which term of the A.P. 20, $19\frac{2}{5}$, $18\frac{4}{5}$, $18\frac{1}{5}$,.....will be the first negative term?
 - (1) 35
- (2)34
- (3) 36
- (4) 37

Sol. 87

(1) a = 20, d =
$$19\frac{2}{5} - 20 = \frac{97}{5} - 20 = \frac{97 - 100}{5} = -\frac{3}{5}$$

$$an = 0$$

$$a + (n-1) d = 0$$

20 + (n-1) x
$$-\frac{3}{5}$$
 =0

$$20 = (n-1) \times \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{100}{3} = n - 1$$

$$n = 33.33 + 1$$

$$n = 34.33$$

$$n = 35$$

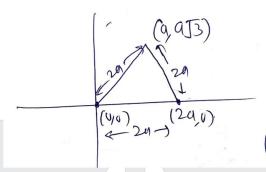
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- 88. If an equilateral triangle whose two of the vertices are (0, 0) and (2a, 0) then what will be coordinates of its third vertex which is in first quadrant?
 - (1) $(a\sqrt{2}, a\sqrt{2})$
- (2) (a,2a)
- (3) (a, a)
- (4) $(a, a\sqrt{3})$



Sol 88 (4)

- If the radius of a circular wheel is $\frac{7}{4}$ meter, then the number of revolutions after travelling 11 89. km distance will be (If $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
 - (1) 1000
- (2) 1100
- (3) 1200
- (4) 1300

Sol 89

- - $r = \frac{7}{4}m$, D=11 km = 11000 m

$$n = 2\pi r = D$$

n x 2 x
$$\frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{4} = 1000$$

$$n = 1000$$

- If $x + y = 90^{\circ}$, then the value of $\cos^2 x + \cos^2 y 5$ will be 90.
 - (1) 0

- (2) -1
- (3) -4
- (4) -5

Sol 90

(3)
$$\cos \theta + \cos^2(90 - x) - 5$$

$$\cos^2 n + \sin^2 n - 5$$

$$1 - 5 = -4$$

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