					SARANSH   CHEMISTRY			
	Educatio	<b>SONAN</b> ng for better tom : NEET (UG) 2024	orrow		<b>DPPP</b>			
	Course : SARANSH	(Youtube Live CRASH	COURSE)		DPP NO. 1			
	Orç	anic Chemistry	: CHEMICA		NDING			
		DPP	No. : 1					
1.	Which one of the follo	wing pairs is isostructura	al (i.e. having the	e same s	shape and hybridization)?			
	(1) [BCl <sub>3</sub> and BrCl <sub>3</sub> ]	(2) [NH <sub>3</sub> and NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> ]	(3) [NF $_3$ and	BF₃]	(4) $[BF_4^- \text{ and } NH_4^+]$			
2.	Bond order of 1.5 is s	hown by :						
	(1) O <sub>2</sub> +	(2) O <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	(3) O <sub>2</sub> <sup>2–</sup>		(4) O <sub>2</sub>			
3.	Which of the following	g species contains three	bond pairs and	one lone	pair around the central atom ?			
	(1) H <sub>2</sub> O	(2) BF <sub>3</sub>	(3) NH2 <sup>-</sup>		(4) PCI <sub>3</sub>			
4.	The pair of species w (1) $O_2^{2-}$ , $B_2$	ith the same bond order (2) O <sub>2</sub> + , NO+	is : (3) NO, CO		(4) N <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub>			
5.			ion, the electron adds on which one of the following orbitals ?					
0.	(1) $\pi$ orbital	(2) $\pi$ orbital	(3) σ orbital		(4) σ orbital			
6.	Four diatomic species them:	s are listed below. Identif	y the correct orc	der in wh	ich the bond order is increasing in			
	(1) NO < $O_2^- < C_2^{2-} < I$	$\exists e_2^+$	$< C_2^{2-} < He_2^+$					
	(3) $C_2^{2-} < He_2^+ < O_2^- <$	NO	(4) $He_2^+ < O_2^- < NO < C_2^{2-}$					
7.	Which of the following	g is electron-deficient?						
	(1) (SiH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	(2) (BH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	(3) PH <sub>3</sub>		(4) (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>			
8.		owing molecules contains			(1) 00			
	(1) H <sub>2</sub> O	(2) SO <sub>2</sub>	(3) NO <sub>2</sub>		(4) CO <sub>2</sub>			
9.		g is a polar molecule ?	(0) \/ . E					
	(1) SF <sub>4</sub>	(2) SiF₄	(3) XeF <sub>4</sub>		(4) BF <sub>3</sub>			
10.	Which of the following (1) O <sub>2</sub> -	g is paramagnetic ? (2) CN⁻	(3) NO+		(4) CO			
11.	XeF <sub>2</sub> is isostructural v	with :						
	(1) ICl <sub>2</sub> -	(2) SbCl₃	(3) BaCl <sub>2</sub>		(4) TeF <sub>2</sub>			
12.	Dipole-induced dipole	e interactions are presen	t in which of the	following	g pairs :			

(1)  $Cl_2$  and  $CCl_4$  (2) HCl and He atoms (3) SiF<sub>4</sub> and He atoms (4) H<sub>2</sub>O and alcohol



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13.	Which of the following molecules has the maximum dipole moment ? (1) $CO_2$ (2) $CH_4$ (3) $NH_3$ (4) $NF_3$							
	$(1) CO_2$	(2) CH <sub>4</sub>	(3) NH <sub>3</sub>	(4) NF <sub>3</sub>				
14.	Which one of the following species has plane triangular shape?							
	(1) N₃⁻	(2) NO <sub>3</sub> -	(3) NO <sub>2</sub>	(4) CO <sub>2</sub>				
15.	The correct bond order in the following species is :							
	(1) $O_2^{2+} < O_2^- < O_2^+$	(2) $O_2^+ < O_2^- < O_2^{2+}$	(3) $O_2^- < O_2^+ < O_2^{2+}$	$(4) \ O_2^{2+} < O_2^+ < O_2^-$				
16.	6. Which of the following pairs of ions are isolectronic and isostructural ?							
	(1) CIO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> ,CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	(2) $SO_3^{2-}, NO_3^{-}$	(3) CIO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> ,SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	(4) CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> ,SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>				
17.	Maximum bond angle at nitrogen is present in which of the following ?							
	(1) NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	(2) NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>+</sup>	(3) NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	(4) NO <sub>2</sub>				
18.	Which of the following species contains equal number of $\sigma$ -and $\pi$ -bonds ?							
	(1) XeO <sub>4</sub>	(2) (CN) <sub>2</sub>	(3) CH <sub>2</sub> (CN) <sub>2</sub>	(4) HCO₃⁻				
19.	<b>19.</b> Predict the <b>correct</b> order among the following :							
(1) Ione pair – bond pair > bond pair – bond pair > Ione pair – Ione pair								
	(2) lone pair – lone pair > lone pair – bond pair > bond pair – bond pair							
	(3) lone pair – lone pair > bond pair – bond pair > lone pair – bond pair							
	(4) bond pair – bond pair > lone pair – bond pair > lone pair – lone pair							
20.	Consider the molecules CH <sub>4</sub> , NH <sub>3</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> O. Which of the given statement is <b>false</b> ?							
(1) The H–C–H bond angle is CH <sub>4</sub> is larger than the H–N–H bond angle is NH <sub>3</sub>								
	(2) The H–C–H bond angle is CH <sub>4</sub> the H–N–H bond angle in NH <sub>3</sub> and the H–O–H bond angle in H <sub>2</sub> C							
	all greater than 90°.							
	(3) Then H–O–H bond angle in H <sub>2</sub> O is larger than the H–C–H bond angle in CH <sub>4</sub>							

(4) The H–O–H bond angle in  $H_2O$  is smaller than the H–N–H bond angle in  $NH_3$ 

## **Answer Key**

1.	4	2.	2	3.	4	4.	1	5.	1	6.	4	7.	2
8.	1	9.	1	10.	1	11.	1	12.	2	13.	3	14.	2
15.	3	16.	3	17.	2	18.	1	19.	2	20.	3		

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