



TARGET : NEET (UG) 2024

Course : SARANSH (Youtube Live CRASH COURSE)

CHEMISTRY

DPP

DAILY PRACTICE PROBLEMS

DPP NO. 1

## CHEMISTRY: Ionic Equilibrium

### DPP No. : 1

- Which of the following solution will have pH close to 1.0?
  - 100 ml of M/10 HCl + 100 ml of M/10 NaOH
  - 55 ml of M/10 HCl + 45 ml of M/10 NaOH
  - 10 ml of M/10 HCl + 90 ml of M/10 NaOH
  - 75 ml of M/5 HCl + 25 ml of M/5 NaOH
- We have an aqueous solution whose pH is found to be '7' at 273K. What will be the nature of this solution?
  - Basic
  - Neutral
  - Acidic
  - Can't be predicted
- What is the approximate  $\text{OH}^-$  ion concentration of a 0.150 M  $\text{NH}_3$  solution? ( $K_b = 1.75 \times 10^{-5}$ )
  - $2.62 \times 10^{-6}$
  - $4.6 \times 10^{-6}$
  - $1.62 \times 10^{-3}$
  - $3.6 \times 10^{-3}$
- The pH value of decinormal solution of  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$ , which is 20% ionized is: (Use  $\log 2 = 0.3$ )
  - 13.30
  - 14.70
  - 12.30
  - 12.95
- Which pair will show common ion effect?
  - $\text{BaCl}_2 + \text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$
  - $\text{NaCl} + \text{HCl}$
  - $\text{NH}_4\text{OH} + \text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$
  - $\text{NaOH} + \text{NaCl}$
- The  $\text{pK}_a$  values of four acids are given below. Which one will correspond to the weakest acid?
  - 1.3
  - 4.72
  - 9.2
  - 16.0
- A weak acid HA has a pH = 4. Which of the following conditions not satisfy the same?
  - $C = 10^{-3}$ ,  $\alpha = 10\%$
  - $C = 10^{-2}$ ,  $K_a = 10^{-6}$
  - $[\text{A}^-] = 10^{-4}$
  - $K_a = 10^{-2}$ ,  $\alpha = 10\%$
- Assertion** : The pH of an aqueous solution of acetic acid remains unchanged on the addition of sodium acetate.  
**Reason** : The ionisation of acetic acid is suppressed by the addition of sodium acetate.
  - If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
  - If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
  - If Assertion is true but reason is false.
  - If both assertion and reason are false.

9. The equilibrium constant for the given reaction is approximately  $10^{-3}$
- $$\text{HPO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) + \text{HCO}_3^{-}(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^{-}(\text{aq}) + \text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$$
- Which is strongest conjugate base in the given reaction ?
- (1)  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq})$  (2)  $\text{HCO}_3^{-}(\text{aq})$   
 (3)  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^{-}(\text{aq})$  (4)  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$
10. Which of the following constitutes a set amphoteric species.
- (1)  $\text{H}_3\text{O}^{+}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^{-}$ ,  $\text{HCO}_3^{-}$  (2)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_2^{-}$   
 (3)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_3^{-}$ ,  $\text{HPO}_4^{2-}$  (4)  $\text{HC}_2\text{O}_4^{-}$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^{-}$ ,  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$
11. Which of the following order represent the order for the strength of base ?
- (1)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2^{-} > \text{NH}_2^{-} > \text{HC} \equiv \text{C}^{-} > \text{OH}^{-}$   
 (2)  $\text{H} - \text{C} \equiv \text{C}^{-} > \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2^{-} > \text{NH}_2^{-} > \text{OH}^{-}$   
 (3)  $\text{OH}^{-} > \text{NH}_2^{-} > \text{HC} \equiv \text{C}^{-} > \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2^{-}$   
 (4)  $\text{NH}_2^{-} > \text{HC} \equiv \text{C}^{-} > \text{OH}^{-} > \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2^{-}$
12. The pH of  $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$  solution is 13. The number millimoles of  $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$  present in 10 ml of solution would be
- (1) 1.00 (2) 0.50 (3) 10.00 (4) 15.00
13. At  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  the pH of a  $10^{-8}$  (M) HCl solution in water is
- (1) 8 (2) -8 (3) within 7 and 8 (4) within 6 and 7

### Answer Key

1. (4) 2. (3) 3. (3) 4. (3) 5. (3) 6. (4) 7. (4)  
 8. (4) 9. (4) 10. (3) 11. (1) 12. (2) 13. (4)